# **CC-Link I/O MODULE**

(CC-Link V.1.10; DC voltage output, 4 points, isolated)

MODEL

R7C-YV4

# **BEFORE USE ....**

Thank you for choosing us. Before use, please check contents of the package you received as outlined below. If you have any problems or questions with the product, please contact our sales office or representatives.

## **■ PACKAGE INCLUDES:**

DC voltage output module.....(1)

#### ■ MODEL NO.

Confirm Model No. marking on the product to be exactly what you ordered.

#### **■ INSTRUCTION MANUAL**

This manual describes necessary points of caution when you use this product, including installation, connection and basic maintenance procedures.

#### **■** CSP+ file

CSP+ file is downloadable at our web site or CC-Link Partner Association's web site (https://www.cc-link.org).

# **POINTS OF CAUTION**

## **■ CONFORMITY WITH EU DIRECTIVES**

- The equipment must be mounted inside the instrument panel of a metal enclosure.
- The actual installation environments such as panel configurations, connected devices, connected wires, may affect the protection level of this unit when it is integrated in a panel system. The user may have to review the CE requirements in regard to the whole system and employ additional protective measures\* to ensure the CE conformity.
- \* For example, installation of noise filters and clamp filters for the power source, input and output connected to the unit, etc.

#### **■ POWER INPUT RATING & OPERATIONAL RANGE**

Locate the power input rating marked on the product and confirm its operational range as indicated below:
 24V AC rating: 24V ±10%, 50/60Hz, approx. 180mA
 24V DC rating: 24V ±10%, approx. 90mA

#### **■ GENERAL PRECAUTIONS**

- Before you remove the unit or mount it, turn off the power supply and output signal for safety.
- Before you remove the terminal block or mount it, make sure to turn off the power supply and output signal for safety.
- DO NOT set the switches on the module while the power is supplied. The switches are used only for maintenance without the power.

## **■** ENVIRONMENT

- Indoor use.
- When heavy dust or metal particles are present in the air, install the unit inside proper housing with sufficient ventilation.
- Do not install the unit where it is subjected to continuous vibration. Do not subject the unit to physical impact.
- Environmental temperature must be within -10 to +55°C (14 to 131°F) with relative humidity within 30 to 90% RH in order to ensure adequate life span and operation.

## **■** WIRING

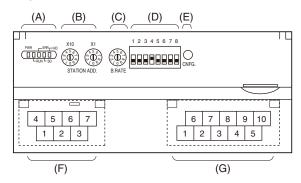
- Do not install cables close to noise sources (relay drive cable, high frequency line, etc.).
- Do not bind these cables together with those in which noises are present. Do not install them in the same duct.
- Be sure to close the terminal cover for safety.

## ■ AND ....

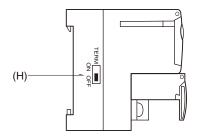
The unit is designed to function as soon as power is supplied, however, a warm up for 10 minutes is required for satisfying complete performance described in the data sheet.

# **COMPONENT IDENTIFICATION**

## ■ FRONT VIEW



## **■ SIDE VIEW**



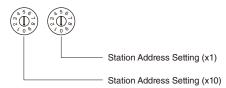
- (A) Status Indicator LED \*1
- (B) Station Address Setting Rotary SW
- (C) Baud Rate Setting Rotary SW
- (D) Operating Mode Setting DIP SW (SW1)
- (E) PC Configurator Jack
- (F) CC-Link, Power Supply Terminals
- (G) Output Terminals
- (H) Terminating Resistor SW
- \*1. Refer to 'Status Indicator LED' section for detailed information.

## ■ STATUS INDICATOR LED

ID	COLOR	FUNCTION		
PWR	Red	Turns on when the internal 5V is supplied normally.		
RUN	Red	Turns on when the refresh data is received normally.		
ERR	Red	Turns on when the received data is abnormal.		
SD	Red	Turns on when the module is transmitting.		
RD	Red	Turns on when the module is receiving.		

## **■ STATION ADDRESS**

Station Address is selected between 1 and 64 in decimal. The left switch determines the tenth place digit, while the right switch does the ones place digit of the address.



## **■ BAUD RATE**

Baud Rate is selected with the rotary switch.



Baud Rate Setting

# ■ OPERATING MODE

(\*) Factory setting

# • Output at the Loss of Communication: SW1-4

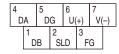
SW1-4	OUTPUT AT THE LOSS OF COMMUNICATION				
OFF	Reset the output (to -15% or approx11.5V DC)				
ON	Hold the output (*) (maintains the last data received normally)				

## Output Range: SW1-5, 1-6, 1-7, 1-8

W1-5	SW1-6	SW1-7	SW1-8	OUTPUT RANGE
OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	-10 – +10V DC (*)
ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	-5 – +5V DC
ON	ON	OFF	OFF	$0-10 \mathrm{V}~\mathrm{DC}$
OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	0-5V DC
ON	OFF	ON	OFF	1-5V DC
ON	ON	ON	ON	PC Configurator setting
	OFF ON ON OFF	OFF OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF	OFF         OFF         OFF           ON         OFF         OFF           ON         ON         OFF           OFF         OFF         ON           ON         OFF         ON	OFF         OFF         OFF           ON         OFF         OFF           ON         ON         OFF           OFF         OFF         ON           OFF         ON         OFF           ON         OFF         ON         OFF

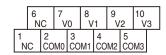
Note: Be sure to set unused SW1-1 through 1-3 to OFF.

## ■ POWER SUPPLY, CC-LINK TERMINAL ASSIGNMENT



NO.	ID	FUNCTION, NOTES
1	DB	White
2	SLD	Shield
3	FG	FG
4	DA	Blue
5	DG	Yellow
6	U(+)	Power input (+)
7	V(-)	Power input (–)

## **■ OUTPUT TERMINAL ASSIGNMENT**



NO.	ID	FUNCTION	NO.	ID	FUNCTION
1	NC	No connection	6	NC	No connection
2	COM0	Common 0	7	V0	Voltage output 0
3	COM1	Common 1	8	V1	Voltage output 1
4	COM2	Common 2	9	V2	Voltage output 2
5	COM3	Common 3	10	V3	Voltage output 3

## **■ TERMINATING RESISTOR**

To use the terminating resistor, turn the switch ON, and OFF to invalidate.

(Factory setting: OFF)

# **INDICATOR LED**

# ■ STATUS INDICATOR LED

DIAID	DUN	EDD	OD #1	- DD	CTATUO *2	
PWR	RUN	ERR	SD *1	RD	STATUS *2	
ON	ON	BL	BL	ON	Communicates normally with occasional CRC errors due to noise interference.	
ON	ON	BL	BL	ON	Communicates normally but the Baud Rate and/or Station Address switches failed.	
					ERR LED blinks approximately in 0.5 seconds intervals.	
ON	ON	BL	BL	OFF		
ON	ON	BL	OFF	ON	CRC error detected in the received data. Unable to respond.	
ON	ON	BL	OFF	OFF		
ON	ON	OFF	BL	ON	Normal communication	
ON	ON	OFF	BL	OFF		
ON	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	Unable to receive data addressed to the station.	
ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF		
ON	OFF	BL	BL	ON	Polling response is made but CRC error is detected in received refresh data.	
ON	OFF	BL	BL	OFF		
ON	OFF	BL	OFF	ON	CRC error detected in the data addressed to the station.	
ON	OFF	BL	OFF	OFF		
ON	OFF	OFF	BL	ON	Link is not started.	
ON	OFF	OFF	BL	OFF		
ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	No data addressed to the station. Or unable to receive data addressed to the station	
					due to noise interference. (Missing parts of the data sent from the master)	
ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Unable to receive data due to wire breakdown	
ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON/OFF	Faulty Baud Rate and/or Station Address setting	
OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Power input removed or power supply failure.	

OFF = OFF, ON = ON, BL = Blinking

# **PC CONFIGURATOR**

The following parameter items can be set with using PC Configurator Software (model: R7CON). Refer to the users manual for the R7CON for detailed operation of the software program.

## **■ INTERFACE SETTING**

PARAMETER	SETTING RANGE	DEFAULT SETTING
Communication Timeout	0.0 - 3276.7  (sec.)	1.0 (sec.)

## **■ CHANNEL INDIVIDUAL SETTING**

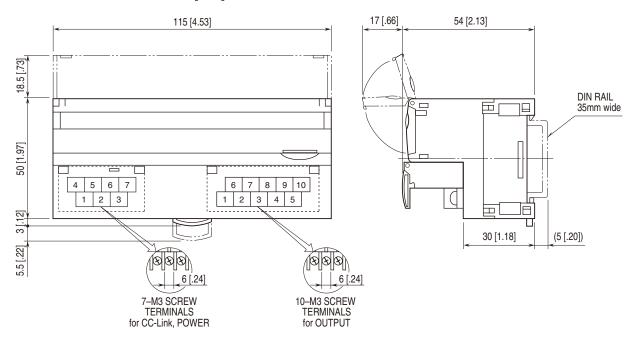
PARAMETER	SETTING RANGE	DEFAULT SETTING
Output Range	-10 to +10 V DC	-10 to +10 V DC
	-5 to +5 V DC	
	0 to 10 V DC	
	0 to 5 V DC	
	1 to 5 V DC	
Zero scale	-32000 to +32000	0
Full scale	-32000 to +32000	10000
Bias	-320.00 to +320.00 (%)	0.00 (%)
Gain	-3.2000 to +3.2000	1.0000

<sup>\*1.</sup> SD LED which is blinking may appear to be ON with high baud rate especially when fewer modules are connected.
\*2. LED combinations indicated with "----" do not occur in normal operation unless LED failure or the like occurs.

# **TERMINAL CONNECTIONS**

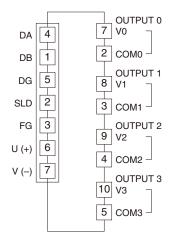
Connect the unit as in the diagram below.

# ■ EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS unit: mm [inch]



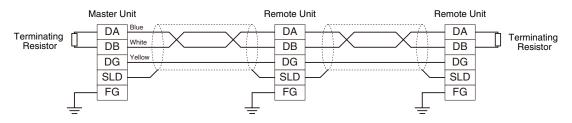
## **■ CONNECTION DIAGRAM**

Note: In order to improve EMC performance, bond the FG terminal to ground. Caution: FG terminal is NOT a protective conductor terminal.



# **COMMUNICATION CABLE CONNECTIONS**

## **■ MASTER CONNECTION**



Note: Be sure to connect the terminating resistor across DA and DB at both ends of communication line. When this unit is located at an end, turn the terminating resistor SW ON.

The Master Unit can be located at not only both ends but also any node of the of communication line.

# **DATA ALLOCATION**

## **ANALOG OUTPUT**

RWr n+0 Unused
+1 Unused
+2 Unused
+3 Unused

# Refresh Data (Y) RWw n+0 Analog output 0 +1 Analog output 1 +2 Analog output 2 +3 Analog output 3

# I/O DATA DESCRIPTIONS

## **■** ANALOG OUTPUT



16-bit binary data

Negative values represented in 2's complements

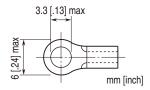
# WIRING INSTRUCTIONS

## **■ SCREW TERMINAL**

Torque: 0.5 N·m

# ■ SOLDERLESS TERMINAL

Refer to the drawing below for recommended ring tongue terminal size. Spade tongue type is also applicable. Applicable wire size: 0.25 to 1.65 mm² (AWG 22 to 16) Recommended manufacturer: Japan Solderless Terminal MFG. Co., Ltd, Nichifu Co., Ltd



# **CONFORMITY WITH CE MARKING**

## **■ CE MARKING**

CE marking requires to integrate safety regulations existed in each country in EU territory and to secure smooth distribution of products of which safety is guaranteed. It is mandatory by law that products distributed and sold in EU territory to have CE mark which shows that the product conforms with the requirements of EU Directive. Each EU Directive describes the scope of apparatuses to which that EU Directive is applied. The R7C must conform with EMC Directive.

Each Directive states only basic requirements. In order to mark the CE on an assembled machinery equipment, its manufacturer needs to check the overall conformity with Directives applicable to it.

## ■ WARNINGS AND CAUTIONS WHEN INSTALLING THE R7C

The R7C needs to be installed in a control panel. This is effective not only to ensure general safety but also to contain noise emissions by the R7C inside the control panel. We conduct a series of testing to see that the product conforms to EMC Directive while it is installed in the control panel.

Warning and cautions when installing R7C are stated below.

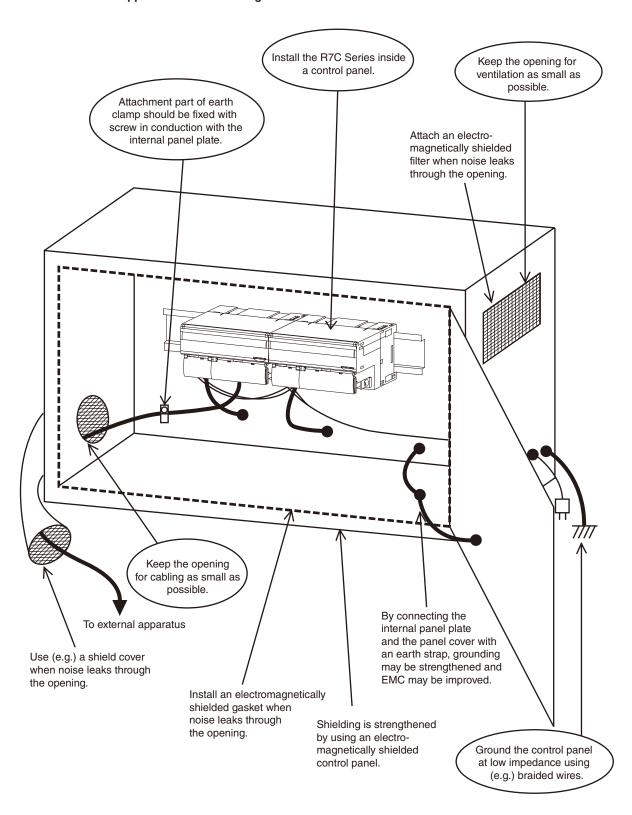
- Use control panels with an internal panel plate, both made of metal, when installing the R7C.
- Make sure to adequately ground the control panel and the internal panel plate with a thick cable to maintain low impedance at high frequency.
- Use shielded cables for the signals taken out of the control panel.
- Choose a thick and short cable to ground the FG terminal of the R7C module to the internal panel plate of the control panel. Note: If electromagnetic radiation disturbance increases by grounding the FG terminal, remove the grounding.
- When painting the internal plate of the control panel, apply masking to expose metal surface to secure conductivity at the sections where the following parts are attached:
  - Bolts attaching the internal panel to the control panel
- Ground for the FG of the R7C module
- Earth clamp on the shielded cable
- Noise emissions inside the control panel might leak through its openings. Design them as small as possible. Recommended diameter is 10 cm or less.

## Supplement:

Additional measures may be taken depending upon actual installation sites. These points of cautions are illustrated in the next page.

- Prevent noise leakage by wrapping cables using shield covers, shield tubes and flexible conduits etc. if noise leaks through the cable outlet.
- Use an electromagnetic shield gasket and block up the gap between the control panel cabinet and its cover, if noise leaks through it.
- Connecting the internal panel plate and the cover of the control panel to the main cabinet using an earth strap may be effective to strengthen the grounding.
- Electromagnetically shielded control panel cabinet is effective for shielding.

## • Points of cautions applicable when installing the R7C Series



#### ■ WARNINGS AND CAUTIONS WHEN LAYING CABLES

Signal cables connected to the R7C contain high-frequency components. Since these cables has the same effect as an antenna, they emit these high-frequency components to the external space as noise or overlaps noise from the external space on themselves.

Cables with shielding should be used for the signal line due to the above reason.

EMC conformance test is conducted in the condition that shielded cables and earth clamps are used with the R7C.

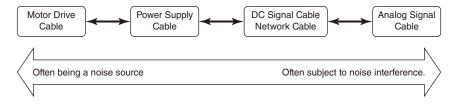
Warning and cautions when laying cables are stated below. These points of cautions are illustrated in the next page.

- Use shielded cables for those signal cables installed out of the control panel and for thermocouple and RTD extension wires.
- All the network cables connected to R7C should be shielded.
- Use exclusively designed cables for the CC-Link.
- Expose the shield at a part of the cable cover, clip it with an earth clamp, and ground it to the internal panel of the control panel. A drain wire connected to the panel in a pig-tail form cannot maintain low impedance against high-frequency noise, thus grounding (noise shielding) in this form will not be effective.

#### Supplement:

Additional measures may be taken depending upon actual installation sites. These points of cautions are illustrated in the next page.

- Keep cables as short as possible. It prevents noise emissions from the cables and noise overlapping to the cables.
- Attach a ferrite core to reduce noise impact to the signal cables susceptible to the noise. Ferrite core can be attached close to the cable outlet of the control panel or close to the I/O terminal or connector, whichever is more effective. Also, the impact might be reduced by winding the cable around the ferrite core for extra turns or attaching multiple ferrite cores.
- Keep cables which are easily affected by noise away from those which can be a noise source.



In the following are examples of effective ways to lay cables separately:

- Keeping physical distance (farther than 20 cm from motor drive cables, farther than 10 cm for other groups).
- Dividing off by a grounded metal plate
- Grouping into separate grounded metal pipes or cable shields.

Wires on each side of a filter should not be too close to each other. Noise could ride onto the other side of cable. Extra attention needs to be paid at the following parts.

- Noise filter that is enclosed in power cables.
- Ferrite core that is attached to signal cables.
- $\bullet \ Noise \ limiting \ circuit \ (surge \ quenching \ circuit, \ transient \ absorber \ circuit, \ etc.) \ that \ is \ enclosed \ in \ signal \ cables.$

